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ment of the Government of the United Kingdom, any information available to such Agency or Department relating to any matter with regard to which the Board is competent to make recommendations to those Governments, and in principle, the entire food resources of Great Britain and the United States will be deemed to be in a common pool, about which the fullest information will be interchanged."

### **XLIX. GERMAN SUBMARINE ZONE OF OPERATIONS**

(New York Times, June 14, 1942)

A statement broadcast from Berlin and recorded by the Columbia Broadcasting Company described a submarine "zone of operations" extending to the American coast, indicating a new threat of under-sea warfare.

The German statement said that "Every ship which enters this zone after June 26, 1942 will expose itself to destruction." The Berlin radio acknowledged openly that the announcement was in answer to the Allied threat of a second front, which was ridiculed as "a declaration on paper."

Excerpts from the Nazi broadcast follow:

"As a result of the entry into the war of the United States of America and the development which naval warfare has undergone off the American east coast, the zone of operation in which fighting may be expected has been extended to the American coast.

"Every ship which enters this zone after June 26, 1942, will expose itself to destruction.

"The German Government, therefore, warns all ships against navigating in this danger zone, which has been demarcated as follows:

"From the Belgian coast 3 degrees E, over 52 degrees N., 3 degrees E, and 68 degrees N., 10 degrees W. to the coast

of Greenland along 68 degrees N.; then along the Greenland coast to Cape Farewell and from there to Cape Harrison; thence along the coast to Canada, the United States of America to Key West; from there along 20 degrees N., 60 degrees W., 45 degrees N., 20 degrees W. and 45 degrees N., 5 degrees W. and then to the French coast at 47 degrees 30 minutes N.

"Such an extension of the realm of operations on the part of the German Navy is more than an announcement on paper. That has been proved already beyond a shadow of a doubt by the successes achieved by German submarines in American waters."

## L. EXCHANGE OF DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR PERSONNEL

(Dept. of State Bulletin, Vol. VII, No. 158, July 4, 1942)

The German Government has withdrawn the previously agreed safe conducts for future voyages of the S. S. *Drottningholm* between New York and Lisbon and has thereby violated the exchange agreement. This Government informed the German Government through the Swiss Government by note "that the German Government, by unilateral action, has violated the agreement entered into between this Government and the German Government for the exchange of their nationals in that it has withdrawn the safe conduct previously given for the several round-trip voyages of the *Drottningholm* between New York and Lisbon. As the assurance of this safe conduct was an essential part of the Exchange Agreement between the two Governments, this Government must consider the agreement as terminated by the act of the German Government."